# Procurement is (not) easy?



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Živjeti zajedno

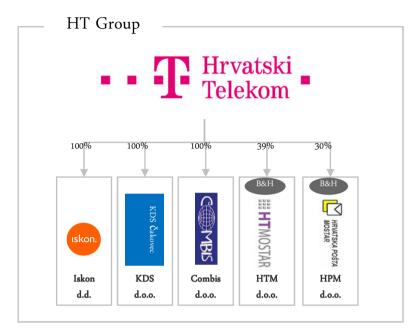
## Agenda

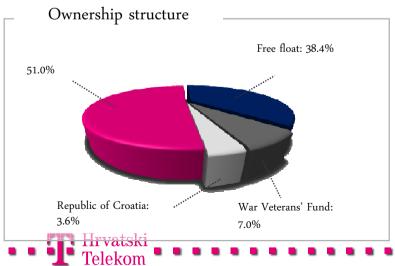


- Procurement at Hrvatski Telekom
- 2 Procurement 2.0
- 3 Procurement process
- What to do?



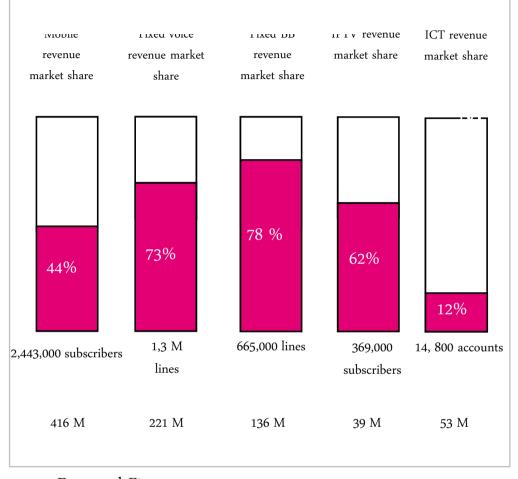
### T-HT Group Snapshot





#### T-HT is the Croatian market leader



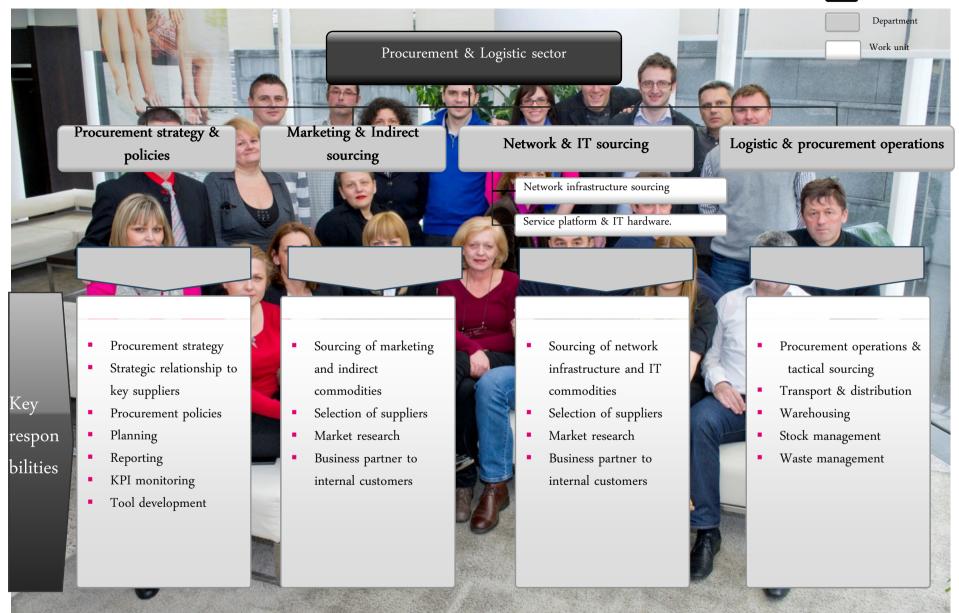


### Facts and Figures

- 5400 employees
- Total operating revenue in 2012: 1027 M euro

### Procurement & Logisitc dpt. within T-HT - Organizational overview

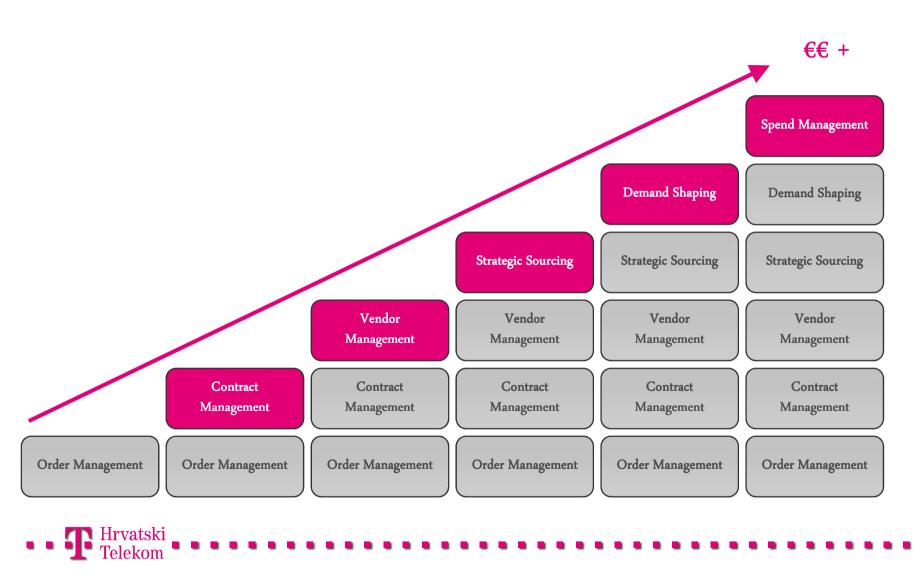




Telekom

## Procurement 2.0 - evolving from a service to a function

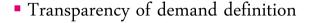






## Mandate Demand Shaping

The preparation phase before the RFQ or negotiation can be done with the help of vendors. We are committed to ensure:





- Conclusions of discussion with stakeholders about the reasons for their demand definition
- Conclusions of discussion with stakeholders about the demand and alternatives such as make or buy, feature-shaping, etc. according to the actual necessity
- Understanding of concrete examples of standardized demand
- Redefining new demand definition agreed with stakeholders
- Key is: Setting up a functional RFQ aligned with stakeholder vs. specification based RFQ!





### Mandate Spend Management

Spend Management is per definition not related to the vendor, unless combined with related processes.

- Spend Management embraces an existing potential. For example some budget lines are common across all departments, like Marketing materials, Consulting and IT Controlling. However the non-transparency of spend means these categories cannot be steered
- Create transparency on spend externally and internally through cohesion with the functional side and countries
- True transparency enables sourcers to act as cross-functional budget managers (not possible from the functional side because the view is too narrow)
- Analyze what stakeholders buy and cluster costs
- Discuss findings with stakeholders
- Create "rules" on how to spend such clusters in the future
- Monitor and manage the newly created spend transparency



## Practical Examples (I)





### New portal system procurement

- Demand definition
  - Cross-functional team within HT
  - Analysis of the current system
  - Functional requirements
  - Technical requirements
- In a case no system existed before, definition would include state of the art technology analysis





### Practical Examples (II)



Define sourcing strategy

Long-list suppliers

#### HI

- Define sourcing strategy
  - Make or buy?
  - New system
  - Legacy system
  - Enterprise system
  - Open source system
  - Etc.
- Long list of suppliers
  - HT experience
  - DT group experience
  - Reports
  - Recommendations

- Presales
  - Create and finalize your product
  - Create concise information about your product competences
  - Be visible web site, conferences, etc.
  - Create partnerships technology, project, etc.
  - Invest in people certifications

### Practical Examples (II)



RFP issuing

Receive proposals

#### HT

- Prepare RFP
  - Prepare commercial guidelines
  - Define submission deadline
  - Define questions deadline
  - Check contact details
- Issue RFP
- Answer questions to the bidders
- Receive proposals

- Read documentation carefully
- Read requirements for submittig a bid even more carefully
- Check submission deadline no late submissions!
- Check any other deadlines
- Prepare questions you might have
- Include as many as possible details in your bid
- Include breakdowns for all costs in the financial bid – they should be understandable and precise
- Check if you have completed your bid
- Submit your bid on time or even slightly before deadline



### Practical Examples (III)



Analyse proposals

Short-list suppliers

#### H1

- Technical analysis
  - Compliance with requirements
  - Mandatory and desirable
- Commercial analysis
  - Total Cost of Ownership
  - Payment terms
- Comparable proposals
- Presentation of proposals
- Short-list suppliers

- Prepare presentation of your offer
- Put yourself in the buyer's shoes
  - Think of possible buyer's business case
  - Think in terms of Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)
  - Think about long term consequences for you and the buyer



## Practical Examples (IV)





#### HI

- Technical negotiations
- Commercial negotiations
  - TCO
- Contract proposal

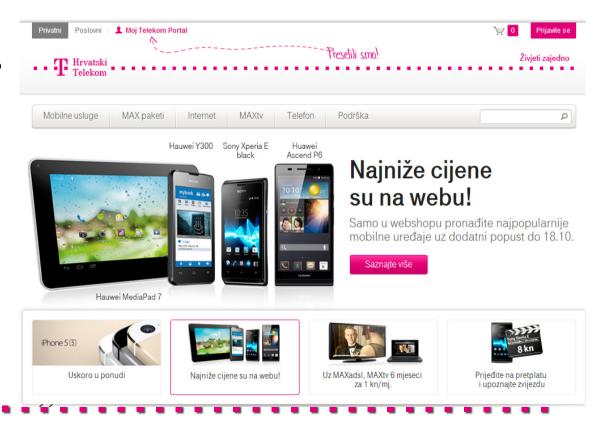
- Negotiate from the partnership perspective
- Provide transparent information
- Be open
- Walk the talk



### What to do after the procurement process?



- Start work as promised
- Report progress regularly
- Be on time or before time
- Create flexible change management process
- Change is inevitable and brings value to the customer
- Project plan should reflect change







Thank you for your attention.

